



Confederate Powder Works Chimney Located Augusta, GA. The last standing remnant of the only factory built by the Confederate Government.

# The month of April is Confederate History and Heritage Month

as proclaimed by the Governor, Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia in Senate Bill #27.

Sponsored by  
The Georgia Division  
Sons of Confederate Veterans

www.georgiascv.org



Statue of General John B. Gordon, Confederate General from Georgia. The statue is located on the grounds of the State Capitol

One Hundred and Fifty years ago the State of Georgia separated itself from the Federal Union, commonly known as the United States of America. Georgia was one of the original states which less than 100 years before had taken up arms against England to declare their freedom. With the advent of secession, Georgia was again a free and independent state, we soon joined the union of Southern states known as The Confederacy, with every intent to peacefully retain the beliefs that had been established by our forefathers who wrote the Declaration of Independence and the United States Constitution.

## Some Georgia Generals who served the Confederacy



General John B. Gordon, born February 6, 1842 in Upton County, Georgia



William Joseph Hardee, born October 12, 1815, in Camden County, Georgia.



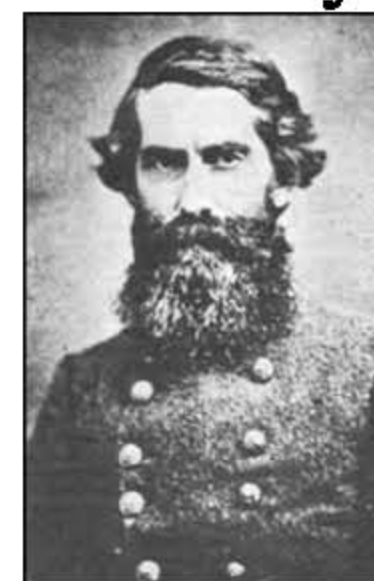
General Joseph Wheeler, born September 10, 1836 near Augusta, Georgia



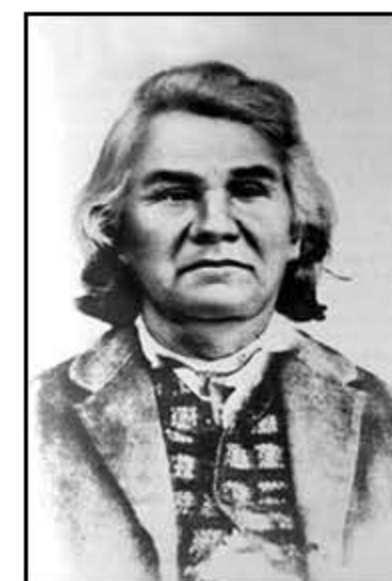
General T. R. R. Cobb, born April 10, 1823, in Jefferson County, Georgia



General Clement A. Evans, born February 25, 1833 in Stewart County, Georgia.



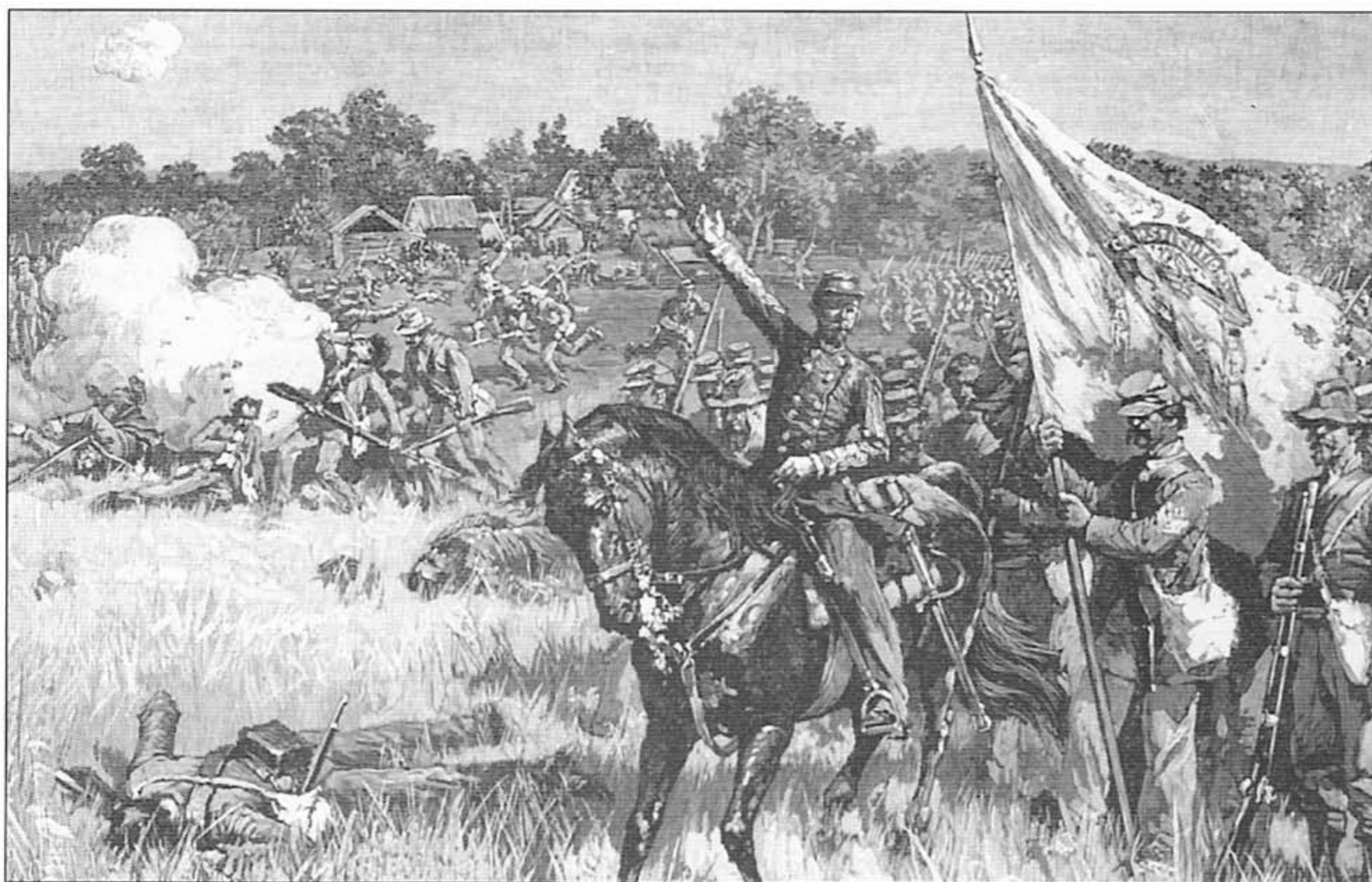
General William H. T. Walker, born November 26, 1816 in Augusta.



General Stand Watie born 1806 near Rome, Georgia, Confederate Indian, the last General to surrender.



Jefferson Davis, born June 3, 1808 in Kentucky. Served as the only President of the Confederacy, he had served in the union Army and in various post in the U.S. Government. He was captured May 10, 1865 near Irwinville, Georgia.



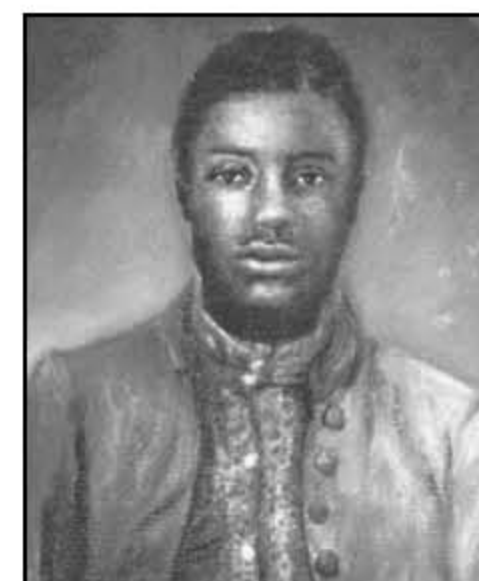
Depiction from an old engraving showing Georgia Troops at the Battle of Manassas, July 21, 1861. Union troops sure of an easy victory were surprised and defeated by the Confederacy. The Union troops ran from the field of battle in what was described as a rout by the northern press. This was but first of many early Confederate victories.



Alexander Stephens, born February 11, 1812 in Taliaferro County Georgia. While Stephens was originally opposed to secession he was elected and served as the only Vice President of the Confederacy.



Mrs. Mary Ann Williams, of Columbus, Georgia, is credited with creating Confederate Memorial Day, April 26th, which was made official by the state of Georgia in 1874.



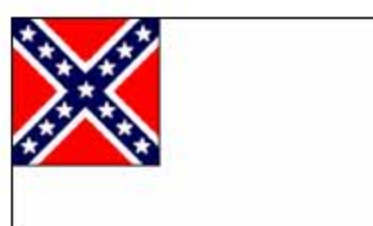
Sam Belvin, Company K, 11th Regiment Georgia Infantry, from a photo taken December 24, 1864 in Richmond, Virginia.



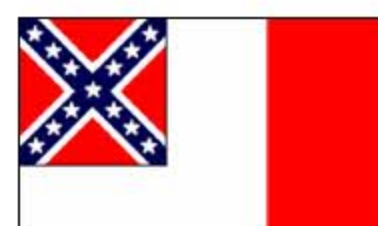
Emblem of the Sons of Confederate Veterans



First National Flag Was sometimes mistaken for the Federal Flag so was changed, May 1863.



Second National Flag Was sometimes mistaken for the flag of surrender so was changed, March 1865.



Third National Flag never surrender, so it still is the National Flag of the Confederacy.



The Battle Flag of the Confederacy. This flag was utilized by the soldiers for the majority of the War



Great Seal of the Confederacy.